SEMESTER I

SLOT	COURSE	COURSES	L-T-P	HOUR	CREDI
	NO.			S	T
Α	MAT 101	LINEAR ALGEBRA AND CALCULUS	3-1-0	4	4
В	PHT 100	ENGINEERING PHYSICS A	3-1-0	4	4
С	EST 110	ENGINEERING GRAPHICS	2-0-2	4	3
D	EST 120	BASICS OF CIVIL & MECHANICAL ENGINEERING	4-0-0	4	4
E	HUN 101	LIFE SKILLS	2-0-2	4	1
S	PHL 120	ENGINEERING PHYSICS LAB	0-0-2	2	1
Т	ESL 120	CIVIL & MECHANICAL WORKSHOP	0-0-2	2	1
	TOTAL		/ 6	23/24	17

	LINEAR ALGEBRA AND CALCULUS	CATEGORY	L	T	P	CREDIT	Year of
MAT							Introduction
101		BSC	3	1	0	4	2019

Preamble: This course introduces students to some basic mathematical ideas and tools which are at the core of any engineering course. A brief course in Linear Algebra familiarises students with some basic techniques in matrix theory which are essential for analysing linear systems. The calculus of functions of one or more variables taught in this course are useful in modelling and analysing physical phenomena involving continuous change of variables or parameters and have applications across all branches of engineering.

Prerequisite: A basic course in one-variable calculus and matrix theory.

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to

CO 1	solve systems of linear equations, diagonalize matrices and characterise quadratic forms
CO 2	compute the partial and total derivatives and maxima and minima of multivariable functions
CO 3	compute multiple integrals and apply them to find areas and volumes of geometrical shapes,
	mass and centre of gravity of plane laminas
CO 4	perform various tests to determine whether a given series is convergent, absolutely
	convergent or conditionally convergent
CO 5	determine the Taylor and Fourier series expansion of functions and learn their applications.

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	РО	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	РО	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12
	1						7					
CO 1	3	3	3	3	2	1			1	2		2
CO 2	3	3	3	3	2	1			1	2		2
CO 3	3	3	3	3	2	1			1	2		2
CO 4	3	2	3	2	1	1			1	2		2
CO 5	3	3	3	3	2	1			1	2		2

Assessment Pattern

Bloom's Category	Continuous As	End Semester	
	Test 1	Test 2	Examination
	(Marks)	(Marks)	(Marks)
Remember	10	10	20
Understand	20	20	40
Apply	20	20	40
Analyse			
Evaluate			
Create			

Mark distribution

Total Marks	CIE marks	ESE marks	ESE Duration
150	50	100	3 hours

Continuous Internal Evaluation Pattern:

Attendance : 10 marks
Continuous Assessment Test (2 numbers) : 25 marks
Assignment/Quiz/Course project : 15 marks

Assignments: Assignment should include specific problems highlighting the applications of the methods introduced in this course in science and engineering.

End Semester Examination Pattern: There will be two parts; Part A and Part B. Part A contain 10 questions with 2 questions from each module, having 3 marks for each question. Students should answer all questions. Part B contains 2 questions from each module of which student should answer any one. Each question can have maximum 2 sub-divisions and carry 14 marks.

Course Level Assessment Questions

Course Outcome 1 (CO1): Solve systems of linear equations, diagonalize matrices and characterise quadratic forms

- 1. A is a real matrix of order 3×3 and $X = \begin{bmatrix} y \end{bmatrix}$. What can you say about the solution of $AX = \begin{bmatrix} y \end{bmatrix}$ 0 if rank of A is 1? 2 ?3?
- 2. Given $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$, find an orthogonal matrix P that diagonalizes A.
- 3. Find out what type of conic section the following quadratic form represents

$$17x^2 - 30x_1x_2 + 17x_3^2 = 128$$

4. The matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$ has an eigen value5 with corresponding Eigen vector $X = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ 1 $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \end{bmatrix}$. Find $A^5X = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$

Course Outcome 2 (CO2): compute the partial and total derivatives and maxima and minima of multivariable functions

1. Find the slope of the surface $z = x^2y + 5y^3$ in the x-direction at the point (1,-2)

- 2. Given the function w = xy + z, use chain rule to find the instantaneous rate of change of wat each point along the curve x = cost, y = sint, z = t
- 3. Determine the dimension of rectangular box open at the top, having a volume 32 cubic ft and requiring the least amount of material for it's construction.

Course Outcome 3(CO3): compute multiple integrals and apply them to find areas and volumes of geometrical shapes, mass and centre of gravity of plane laminas.

- 1. Evaluate $\iint_{\mathbb{D}} (x+2y) \, DA$ where D is the region bounded by the parabolas $y=2x^2$ and $y=1+x^2$
- 2. Explain how you would find the volume under the surface z = f(x, y) and over a specific region D in the xy-plane using (i) double integral (ii) triple integral?
- 3. Find the mass and centre of gravity of a triangular lamina with vertices (0,0), (2,1), (0,3) if the density function is f(x,y) = x + y
- 4. Use spherical coordinates to evaluate $\iiint_B (x^2 + y^2 + z^2)^3 dV$ where B is the unit ball defined by $B = \{(x, y, z): x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \le 1\}$

Course Outcome 4 (CO4): perform various tests to determine whether a given series is convergent, absolutely convergent or conditionally convergent.

- 1. What is the difference between a sequence and a series and when do you say that they are convergent? Divergent?
- 2. Determine whether the series $\sum_{n=\infty}^{\infty}$ converges or diverges.

$$n=1$$
 $2n^2+4n+3$

3. Is the series $\sum_{n=1}^{n=\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{n}$ convergent? Absolutely convergent? Conditionally convergent?

Course Outcome 5 (CO5): determine the Taylor and Fourier series expansion of functions and learn their applications.

- 1. Assuming the possibility of expansion find the Maclaurin series expansion of $f(x) = (1+x)^k \text{for}|x| < 1 \text{where } k \text{is any real number. What happens if } k \text{is a positive integer?}$
- 2. Use Maclaurin series of ln(1+x), $-1 < x \le 1$ to find an approximate value of ln(2).
- 3. Find the Fourier series of the function $f(x) = x^2, -2 \le x < 2, f(x+4) = f(x)$. Hence using Parseval's identity prove that $1 + \frac{1}{2^4} + \frac{1}{3^4} + \dots = \frac{\pi^4}{90}$
- 4. Expand the function f(x) = x (0 < x < 1/2) into a (i) Fourier sine series (ii) Fourier cosine series.

Model Question paper

QP CO	DE:	PAGES:3
Reg No	o:	
Name	<u> </u>	
APJ A	BDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY FIRST SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMI	INATION,
	Course Code: MAT 101	
Max. N	Marks: 100 Duration	n: 3 Hours
	LINEAR ALGEBRA AND CALCULUS	
	(2019-Scheme)	
	(Common to all branches)	
	PART A	
	(Answer all questions, each question carries 3 marks)	
1. 2.	Determine the rank of the matrix $A=\begin{bmatrix}1&2&-1\\-2&-4&2\end{bmatrix}$. Write down the eigen values of $A=\begin{bmatrix}2&0\\0&-1\end{bmatrix}$. What are the eigen values of $A=\begin{bmatrix}-4&2\\3&-1\end{bmatrix}$?	4P where
3. 4.	Find $f_x(1,3)$ and $f_y(1,3)$ for the function $f(x,y)=2x^3y^2+2y+4x$. Show that the function $u(x,t)=\sin{(x-ct)}$ is a solution of the equation $\frac{6^2u}{6t^2}$	$c = c^2 \frac{6^2 u}{6x^2}$
5.	Use double integral to find the area of the region enclosed between the parabolas and the line $y=2x$.	$y = \frac{1}{2}x^2$
6.	Use polar coordinates to evaluate the area of the region bounded by $x^2 + y^2 = 4$, t	:he line
7.	k=1	
8.	Test the convergence of the alternating series $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{k+1} \frac{1}{k}$ using Leibnitz test.	
9.	Find the Taylor series expansion of $sin\pi x$ about $x = \frac{1}{2}$	
10.	. Find the values to which the Fourier series of	
	$f(x) = x$ for $-\pi < x < \pi$, with $f(x + 2\pi) = f(x)$ converges	(10x3=30)

PART B

(Answer one full question from each module, each question carries 14 marks)

Module -I

11. (a) Solve the following system of equations

$$y + z - 2w = 0$$

2x - 3y - 3z + 6w = 2

$$-2$$
 2 -3

4x + y + z - 2w = 4 $-2 \quad 2 \quad -3$ (b) Find the eigen values and eigen vectors of the matrix $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$ $-1 \quad -2 \quad 0$

(b) What kind of conic section the quadratic form $3x_1^2 + 22x_1x_2 + 3x_2^2 = 0$ represents? Transform it to principal axes.

Module - II

13. (a) Find the local linear approximation to $f(x, y) = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$ at the point (3, 4). Use it to approximate f(3.04, 3.98)

(b) Let
$$w = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$$
, $x = \cos\theta$, $y = \sin\theta$, $z = \tan\theta$. Use chain rule to find $\frac{\mathrm{d}w}{\mathrm{d}\theta}$ when $\theta = \frac{\pi}{4}$.

14. (a) Let z = f(x, y) where $x = r\cos\theta$, $y = r\sin\theta$, prove that $\frac{6z^2 + \frac{6z^2}{2} = \frac{6z^2}{2} + \frac{1}{r^2} \frac{6z^2}{6\theta}$.

(b) Locate all relative maxima, relative minima and saddle points

$$f(x,y) = xy + \frac{a^3}{x} + \frac{b^3}{y} (a \neq 0, b \neq 0).$$

15. (a) Evaluate $\iint_{0}^{D} \frac{(2x^2y + 9y^3) dxdy}{2}$ where D is the region bounded by $y = \frac{2}{3}x$ and $y = 2\sqrt{x}$. (b) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{D} \frac{(2x^2y + 9y^3) dxdy}{2}$ changing the order of integration.

16. (a) Find the volume of the solid bounded by the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ and the planes y + z = 4 and z = 0..

(b) Evaluate $\iiint \sqrt{1-x^2-y^2-z^2} \ dx dy dz$, taken throughout the volume of the sphere $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$, by transforming to spherical polar coordinates

Module - IV

17. (a) Test the convergence of the series (i)
$$\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{k_k}{k!} \qquad \text{(ii)} \sum_{k=2}^{\infty} \left(\frac{4k-5}{2k+1}\right)^k$$

(b) Determine the convergence or divergence of the series $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (-1)^k \frac{(2k-1)!}{3^k}$

18. (a) Check whether the series $\sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^{k+1} \underline{(2k)!}$ is absolutely convergent, conditionally (3k-2)!

convergent or divergent.

(b) Test the convergence of the series $1 + \frac{1.2}{1.3} + \frac{1.2.3}{1.3.5} + \frac{1.2.3.4}{1.3.5.7} + \cdots$

Module - V

- 19. (a) Obtain the Fourier series of for $f(x) = e^{-x}$, in the interval $0 < x < 2\pi$ with $f(x + 2\pi) = f(x)$. Hence deduce the value of $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n}$.
 - (b) Find the half range sine series of $f(x) = \{\frac{\frac{2kL}{2}}{\frac{2k(L-x)}{L}}$ if $0 < x < \frac{L}{2}$ if $\frac{L}{2} < x < L$
- 20. (a)Expand $(1 + x)^{-2}$.as a Taylor series about x = 0 and state the region of convergence of the series.
- (b) Find the Fourier series for $f(x) = x^2$ in the interval $-\pi < x < \pi$

with
$$f(x+2\pi) = f(x)$$
. Hence show that $\frac{1}{1^4} + \frac{1}{2^4} + \frac{1}{3^4} + \dots = \frac{\pi^4}{90}$. (14X5=70)

Syllabus

Module 1 (Linear algebra)

(Text 2: Relevant topics from sections 7.3, 7.4, 7.5, 8.1,8.3,8.4)

Systems of linear equations, Solution by Gauss elimination, row echelon form and rank of a matrix, fundamental theorem for linear systems (homogeneous and non-homogeneous, without proof), Eigen values and eigen vectors. Diagonaliztion of matrices, orthogonal transformation, quadratic forms and their canonical forms.

Module 2 (multivariable calculus-Differentiation)

(Text 1: Relevant topics from sections 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.8)

Concept of limit and continuity of functions of two variables, partial derivatives, Differentials, Local Linear approximations, chain rule, total derivative, Relative maxima and minima, Absolute maxima and minima on closed and bounded set.

Module 3(multivariable calculus-Integration)

(Text 1: Relevant topics from sections 14.1, 14.2, 14.3, 14.5, 14.6, 14.8)

Double integrals (Cartesian), reversing the order of integration, Change of coordinates (Cartesian to polar), finding areas and volume using double integrals, mass and centre of gravity of inhomogeneous laminas using double integral. Triple integrals, volume calculated as triple integral, triple integral in cylindrical and spherical coordinates (computations involving spheres, cylinders).

Module 4 (sequences and series)

(Text 1: Relevant topics from sections 9.1, 9.3, 9.4, 9.5, 9.6)

Convergence of sequences and series, convergence of geometric series and p-series(without proof), test of convergence (comparison, ratio and root tests without proof); Alternating series and Leibnitz test, absolute and conditional convergence.

Module 5 (Series representation of functions)

(Text 1: Relevant topics from sections 9.8, 9.9. Text 2: Relevant topics from sections 11.1, 11.2, 11.6)

Taylor series (without proof, assuming the possibility of power series expansion in appropriate domains), Binomial series and series representation of exponential, trigonometric, logarithmic functions (without proofs of convergence); Fourier series, Euler formulas, Convergence of Fourier series (without proof), half range sine and cosine series, Parseval's theorem (without proof).

Text Books

- 1. H. Anton, I. Biven, S. Davis, "Calculus", Wiley, 10th edition, 2015.
- 2. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 10thEdition, John Wiley & Sons, 2016.

Reference Books

- 1. J. Stewart, Essential Calculus, Cengage, 2nd edition, 2017
- G.B. Thomas and R.L. Finney, Calculus and Analytic geometry, 9 th Edition, Pearson, Reprint, 2002.
- 3. Peter V. O'Neil, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Cengage, 7th Edition, 2012
- 4. Veerarajan T., Engineering Mathematics for first year, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2008.
- 5. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, 36 Edition, 2010.

Course Contents and Lecture Schedule

No	Topic	No. of Lectures
1	Linear Algebra (10 hours)	
1.1	Systems of linear equations, Solution by Gauss elimination	1
1.2	Row echelon form, finding rank from row echelon form, fundamental theorem for linear systems	3
1.3	Eigen values and eigen vectors	2
1.4	Diagonaliztion of matrices, orthogonal transformation, quadratic forms	4

	and their canonical forms.	
2	Multivariable calculus-Differentiation (8 hours)	
2.1	Concept of limit and continuity of functions of two variables, partial derivatives	2
2.2	Differentials, Local Linear approximations	2
2.3	Chain rule, total derivative	2
2.4	Maxima and minima	2
3	Multivariable calculus-Integration (10 hours)	
3.1	Double integrals (Cartesian)-evaluation	2
3.2	Change of order of integration in double integrals, change of coordinates (Cartesian to polar),	2
3.3	Finding areas and volumes, mass and centre of gravity of plane laminas	3
3.4	Triple integrals	3
4	Sequences and series (8 hours)	
4.1	Convergence of sequences and series, geometric and p-series	2
4.2	Test of convergence (comparison, ratio and root)	4
4.3	Alternating series and Leibnitz test, absolute and conditional convergence	2
5	Series representation of functions (9 hours)	
5.1	Taylor series, Binomial series and series representation of exponential, trigonometric, logarithmic functions;	3
5.2	Fourier series, Euler formulas, Convergence of Fourier series(Dirichlet's conditions)	3
5.3	Half range sine and cosine series, Parseval's theorem.	3

PHT	ENGINEERING PHYSICS A	CATEGORY	L	Т	Р	CREDIT	YEAR OF
100							INTRODUCTION
		BSC	3	1	0	4	2019

Preamble: The aim of the Engineering Physics Program is to offer students a solid background in the fundamentals of Physics and to impart that knowledge in engineering disciplines. The program is designed to develop scientific attitudes and enable the students to correlate the concepts of Physics with the core programmes

Prerequisite: Higher secondary level Physics, Mathematical course on vector calculus, differential equations and linear algebra

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to

CO 1	Compute the quantitative aspects of waves and oscillations in engineering systems.
CO 2	Apply the interaction of light with matter through interference, diffraction and identify
	these phenomena in different natural optical processes and optical instruments.
CO 3	Analyze the behaviour of matter in the atomic and subatomic level through the principles of
	quantum mechanics to perceive the microscopic processes in electronic devices.
CO 4	Classify the properties of magnetic materials and apply vector calculus to static magnetic
	fields and use Maxwell's equations to diverse engineering problems
CO 5	Analyze the principles behind various superconducting applications, explain the working of
	solid state lighting devices and fibre optic communication system

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12
CO 1	3	2		101				1	2			1
CO 2	3	2						1	2			1
CO 3	3	2						1	2			1
CO 4	3	1				711		1	2			1
CO 5	3	1						1	2			1

Assessment Pattern

	Continuous Ass	essment Tests	
Bloom's Category	Test 1 (Marks)	Test 2 (Marks)	End Semester Examination (Marks)
Remember	15	15	30
Understand	25	25	50
Apply	10	10	20

Analyse		
Evaluate		
Create		

Mark distribution

Total Marks	CIE marks	ESE marks	ESE Duration
150	50	100	3 hours

Continuous Internal Evaluation Pattern:

Attendance : 10 marks
Continuous Assessment Test (2 numbers) : 25 marks
Assignment/Quiz/Course project : 15 marks

End Semester Examination Pattern: There will be two parts; Part A and Part B. Part A contain 10 questions with 2 questions from each module, having 3 marks for each question. Students should answer all questions. Part B contains 2 questions from each module of which student should answer any one. Each question can have maximum 2 sub-divisions and carry 14 marks.

Course Level Assessment Questions

Course Outcome 1 (CO1):

- 1. Explain the effect of damping force on oscillators.
- 2. Distinguish between transverse and longitudinal waves.
- 3. (a) Derive an expression for the fundamental frequency of transverse vibration in a stretched string.
 - (b) Calculate the fundamental frequency of a string of length 2 m weighing 6 g kept stretched by a load of 600 kg.

Course Outcome 2 (CO2):

- 1. Explain colours in thin films.
- 2. Distinguish between Fresnel and Fraunhofer diffraction.
- 3. (a) Explain the formation of Newton's rings and obtain the expression for radii of bright and dark rings in reflected system. Also explain how it is used to determine the wavelength of a monochromatic source of light.
 - (b) A liquid of refractive index μ is introduced between the lens and glass plate.

What happens to the fringe system? Justify your answer.

Course Outcome 3 (CO3):

- 1. Give the physical significance of wave function?
- 2. What are excitons?
- 3. (a) Solve Schrodinger equation for a particle in a one dimensional box and obtain its energy eigen values and normalised wave functions.
- (b) Calculate the first three energy values of an electron in a one dimensional box of width 1 A⁰ in electron volt.

Course Outcome 4 (CO4):

- 1. Compare displacement current and conduction current.
- 2. Mention any four properties of ferro magnetic materials.
- 3. (a) Starting from Maxwell's equations, derive the free space electromagnetic wave equation and show that velocity of electromagnetic wave is $1/(\mu_0 \, \epsilon_0)^{\frac{1}{2}}$
 - (b) An electromagnetic wave is described by E = 100 exp $8\pi i [10^{-14} t (10^{-6} z/3)] V/m$. Find the direction of propagation of the wave,speed of the wave and magnetic flux density in the wave.

Course Outcome 5 (CO5):

- 1. Explain the working of a solar cell.
- 2. Distinguish between Type I and Type II super conductors.
- 3. (a) Define numerical aperture and derive an expression for it.
 - (b) Explain the working of intensity modulated fibre optic sensor.

Model Question paper

QP CODE:	PAGES:3
Reg No:	
Name :	
APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY I	
Course Code	:: PHT 100
Course Name: Engir	neering Physics A
Max. Marks: 100	Duration: 3 Hours
PART	ГА
Answer all Questions. Each	question carries 3 Marks
Compare electrical and mechanical oscillators	
2. Distinguish between longitudinal and transverse v	vaves
3. Write a short note on antireflection coating.	
4. Diffraction of light is not as evident in daily experi	ence as that of sound waves. Give reason.
5. State and explain Heisenberg's Uncertainty princi	ole. With the help of it explain natural
line broadening.	9
6. Explain surface to volume ratio of nanomaterials.	
7. State Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction	
8. Compare displacement current and conduction c	urrent
9. List four important applications of superconducto	rs.
10. Give the working principle of LED.	(10x3=30)

PART B

Answer any one full question from each module. Each question carries 14 Marks

Module 1

(10)

- 11. (a) Derive the differential equation of damped harmonic oscillator and deduce its solution. Discuss the cases of over damped, critically damped and under damped cases. (10)
- (b) The frequency of a tuning fork is 500 Hz and its Q factor is 7×10^4 . Find the relaxation time. Also calculate the time after which its energy becomes 1/10 of its initial undamped value.(4)
- 12. (a) Derive an expression for the velocity of propagation of a transverse wave in a stretched string. Deduce laws of transverse vibrations. (10)
- (b) The equation of transverse vibration of a stretched string is given by y =0.00327 sin (72.1x-2.72t)m, in which the numerical constants are in S.I units. Evaluate (i) Amplitude (ii) Wavelength (iii) Frequency and (iv) Velocity of the wave.

Module 2

- 13.(a) Explain the formation of Newton's rings and show that the radius of dark ring is proportional to the square root of natural numbers. How can we use Newton's rings experiment to determine the refractive index of a liquid. (10)
 - (b) Two pieces of plane glass are placed together with a piece of paper between two at one end. Find the angle of the wedge in seconds if the film is viewed with a monochromatic light of wavelength 4800Å. Given $\beta = 0.0555$ cm.
- 14. (a) Explain the diffraction due to a plane transmission grating. Obtain the grating equation. (10)
 - (b) A grating has 6000 lines per cm. Find the angular separation of the two yellow lines of mercury of wavelengths 577 nm and 579 nm in the second order. (4)

Module 3

- 15.(a) Derive time dependent and independent Schrodinger equations.
 - (b) An electron is confined to one dimensional potential box of length 2Å. Calculate the energies corresponding to the first and second quantum states in eV. (4)
- 16.(a) Classify nanomaterials based on dimensionality of quantum confinement and explain the following nanostructures. (i) nano sheets (ii) nano wires (iii) quantum dots. (10)
 - (b) Find the de Broglie wavelength of electron whose kinetic energy is 15 eV. (4)

Module 4

17.(a) State Poynting's Theorem. Calculate the value of Poynting vector at the surface of the sun if the power radiated by the sun is 3.8×10^{26} W and its radius is 7×10^{8} m. (5)

- (b) Distinguish between paramagnetic, diamagnetic and ferromagnetic materials.(9)18.(a) Starting from Maxwell's Equations, derive electromagnetic wave equations in free space.
 - (b) If the magnitude of **H** in a plane wave is 1 A/m, find the magnitude of **E** in free space. (4)

Module 5

- 19.(a) Show that superconductors are perfect diamagnets. Distinguish between Type I and
 - Type II superconductors with suitable examples.

(10)

(b) Write a short note on high temperature superconductors.

(4)

- 20.(a) Define numerical aperture of an optic fibre and derive an expression for the NA of a step index fibre with a neat diagram. (10)
 - (b) Calculate the numerical aperture and acceptance angle of a fibre with a core refractive index of 1.54 and a cladding refractive index of 1.50 when the fibre is inside water of refractive index 1.33. (4) (14x5=70)

Syllabus

ENGINEERING PHYSICS A

Module 1

Oscillations and Waves

Harmonic oscillations, Damped harmonic motion-Derivation of differential equation and its solution, Over damped, Critically damped and Under damped Cases, Quality factor-Expression, Forced oscillations-Differential Equation-Derivation of expressions for amplitude and phase of forced oscillations, Amplitude Resonance-Expression for Resonant frequency, Quality factor and Sharpness of Resonance, Electrical analogy of mechanical oscillators

Wave motion- Derivation of one dimensional wave equation and its solution, Three dimensional wave equation and its solution (no derivation), Distinction between transverse and longitudinal waves, Transverse vibration in a stretched string, Statement of laws of vibration

Module 2

Wave Optics

Interference of light-Principle of superposition of waves, Theory of thin films - Cosine law (Reflected system), Derivation of the conditions of constructive and destructive Interference, Interference due to wedge shaped films -Determination of thickness and test for optical planeness, Newton's rings - Measurement of wavelength and refractive index, Antireflection coatings

Diffraction of light, Fresnel and Fraunhofer classes of diffraction, Diffraction grating-Grating equation, Rayleigh criterion for limit of resolution, Resolving and Dispersive power of a grating with expression (no derivation)

Module 3

Quantum Mechanics & Nanotechnology

Introduction for the need of Quantum mechanics, Wave nature of Particles, Uncertainty principle, Applications-Absence of electrons inside a nucleus and Natural line broadening mechanism, Formulation of time dependent and independent Schrodinger wave equations-Physical meaning of wave function, Particle in a one dimensional box- Derivation for normalised wave function and energy eigen values, Quantum Mechanical Tunnelling (Qualitative)

Introduction to nanoscience and technology, Increase in surface to volume ratio for nanomaterials, Quantum confinement in one dimension, two dimension and three dimension-Nano sheets, Nano wires and Quantum dots, Properties of nanomaterials-mechanical, electrical and optical, Applications of nanotechnology (qualitative ideas)

Module 4

Magnetism & Electro Magnetic Theory

Magnetic field and Magnetic flux density, Gauss's law for Magnetic flux density, Ampere's Circuital law, Faraday's law in terms of EMF produced by changing magnetic flux, Magnetic permeability and susceptibility, Classification of magnetic materials-para, dia and ferromagnetic materials

Fundamentals of vector calculus, concept of divergence, gradient and curl along with physical significance, Line, Surface and Volume integrals, Gauss divergence theorem & Stokes' theorem, Equation of continuity, Derivation of Maxwell's equations in vacuum, Comparison of displacement current with conduction current. Electromagnetic waves, Velocity of Electromagnetic waves in free space, Flow of energy and Poynting's vector (no derivation)

Module 5

Superconductivity & Photonics

Superconducting phenomena, Meissner effect and perfect diamagnetism, Types of superconductors-Type I and Type II, BCS Theory (Qualitative), High temperature superconductors-Applications of super conductivity

Introduction to photonics-Photonic devices-Light Emitting Diode, Photo detectors -Junction and PIN photodiodes, Solar cells-I-V Characteristics, Optic fibre-Principle of propagation of light, Types of fibres-Step index and Graded index fibres, Numerical aperture —Derivation, Fibre optic communication system (block diagram), Industrial, Medical and Technological applications of optical fibre, Fibre optic sensors-Intensity Modulated and Phase modulated sensors.

Text Books

- M.N.Avadhanulu, P.G.Kshirsagar, TVS Arun Murthy "A Text book of Engineering Physics", S.Chand &Co., Revised Edition 2019
- 2. H.K.Malik, A.K. Singh, "Engineering Physics" McGraw Hill Education, Second Edition 2017

Reference Books

- 1. Arthur Beiser, "Concepts of Modern Physics", Tata McGraw Hill Publications, 6th Edition 2003
- 2. D.K. Bhattacharya, Poonam Tandon, "Engineering Physics", Oxford University Press, 2015
- 3. Md.N.Khan & S.Panigrahi "Principles of Engineering Physics 1&2", Cambridge University Press, 2016
- 4. Aruldhas G., "Engineering Physics", PHI Pvt. Ltd., 2015
- 5. Ajoy Ghatak, "Optics", Mc Graw Hill Education, Sixth Edition, 2017
- 6. T. Pradeep, "Nano:The Essentials", McGraw Hill India Ltd, 2007
- 7. Halliday, Resnick, Walker, "Fundamentals of Physics", John Wiley & Sons. Inc, 2001
- 8. David J Griffiths, "Introduction to Electrodynamics", Addison-Wesley publishing, 3rd Edition,
- 9. Premlet B., "Advanced Engineering Physics", Phasor Books, 10th edition, 2017
- I. Dominic and. A. Nahari, "A Text Book of Engineering physics", Owl Books Publishers, Revised edition, 2016

Course Contents and Lecture Schedule

No	Topic	No. of Lectures
1	Oscillations and Waves (9 hours)	
1.1	Harmonic oscillations, Damped harmonic motion-Derivation of differential equation and its solution, Over damped, Critically damped and Under damped Cases, Quality factor-Expression	2 hrs
1.2	Forced oscillations-Differential Equation-Derivation of expressions for amplitude and phase of forced oscillations, Amplitude Resonance-Expression for Resonant frequency, Quality factor and Sharpness of Resonance, Electrical analogy of mechanical oscillators	3hrs
1.3	Wave motion- Derivation of one dimensional wave equation and its solution, Three dimensional wave equation and its solution (no derivation)	2 hrs
1.4	Distinction between transverse and longitudinal waves. Transverse vibration in a stretched string, Statement of laws of vibration	2 hrs
2	Wave Optics (9 hours)	
2.1	Interference of light-Principle of superposition of waves, Theory of thin films - Cosine law (Reflected system), Derivation of the conditions of constructive and destructive Interference	2 hrs
2.2	Interference due to wedge shaped films -Determination of thickness and test for optical planeness, Newton's rings - Measurement of wavelength and refractive index, Antireflection coatings	4 hr
2.3	Diffraction of light, Fresnel and Fraunhofer classes of diffraction, Diffraction grating-Grating equation	2 hrs
2.4	Rayleigh criterion for limit of resolution, Resolving and Dispersive power of a grating with expression (no derivation)	1 hr
3	Quantum Mechanics &Nanotechnology (9hours)	
3.1	Introduction for the need of Quantum mechanics, Wave nature of Particles, Uncertainty principle, Applications-Absence of electrons inside a nucleus and Natural line broadening mechanism	2 hrs
3.2	Formulation of time dependent and independent Schrodinger wave equations-Physical Meaning of wave function, Particle in a one dimensional box- Derivation for normalised wave function and energy eigen values, Quantum Mechanical Tunnelling (Qualitative)	4 hrs
3.3	Introduction to nanoscience and technology, Increase in surface to volume ratio for nanomaterials, Quantum confinement in one dimension, two dimension and three dimension-Nano sheets, Nano wires and Quantum dots	2 hrs
3.4	Properties of nanomaterials-mechanical, electrical and optical Applications of nanotechnology (qualitative ideas)	1 hr
4	Magnetism & Electro Magnetic Theory (9 hours)	
4.1	Magnetic field and Magnetic flux density, Gauss's law for Magnetic flux	2 hrs

1 hr
2 hrs
2 hrs
4 hrs
2 hrs
2 hrs
2 hrs
3 hrs

EST	ENGINEERING	CATEGORY	L	T	Р	CREDIT	Year of Introduction
110	GRAPHICS	ESC	2	0	2	3	2019

Preamble: To enable the student to effectively perform technical communication through graphical representation as per global standards.

Prerequisite: NIL

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to

CO 1	Draw the projection of points and lines located in different quadrants				
CO 2	Prepare multiview orthographic projections of objects by visualizing them in different				
	positions				
CO 3	Draw sectional views and develop surfaces of a given object				
CO 4	Prepare pictorial drawings using the principles of isometric and perspective projections to				
	visualize objects in three dimensions.				
CO 5	Convert 3D views to orthographic views				
CO 6	Obtain multiview projections and solid models of objects using CAD tools				

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	РО	PO	РО	PO	РО	РО	РО	PO	PO	РО	РО	РО
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
CO 1	3											
CO 2	3								17.			
CO 3	3	1										
CO 4	3									1		
CO 5	3				1.77					2		
CO 6	3				3	(11)				3		

Assessment Pattern

	Continuous Ass	sessment Tests			
Bloom's Category	Test 1 (15 Marks)	Test 2 (15 Marks)	End Semester Examination (100 Marks)		
Remember					
Understand	5		20		
Apply	10	10	80		
Analyse					
Evaluate					
Create					

Mark distribution

Total Marks	CIE (Marks)	ESE (Marks)	ESE Duration
150	50	100	3 hours

Continuous Internal Evaluation Pattern:

Attendance : 10 marks

CIA for section A carries 25 marks (15 marks for 1 test and Class work 10 marks) CIA for section B carries 15 marks (10 marks for 1 test and Class work 5 marks)

End Semester Examination Pattern:

ESE will be of 3 hour duration on A4 size answer booklet and will be for 100 marks. The question paper shall contain two questions from each module of Section A only. Student has to answer any one question from each module. Each question carries 20 marks.

Course Level Assessment Questions

(Questions may be framed based on the outline given under each course outcome)

Course Outcome 1 (CO1):

- 1. Locate points in different quadrants as per given conditions.
- 2. Problems on lines inclined to both planes.
- 3. Find True length, Inclinations and Traces of lines.

Course Outcome 2 (CO2)

- 1. Draw orthographic views of solids and combination solids
- 2. Draw views of solids inclined to any one reference plane.
- 3. Draw views of solids inclined to both reference planes.

Course Outcome 3 (CO3):

- 1. Draw views of solids sectioned by a cutting plane
- 2. Find location and inclination of cutting plane given true shape of the section
- 3. Draw development of lateral surface of solids and also its sectioned views

Course Outcome 4 (CO4):

- 1. Draw Isometric views/projections of soilds
- 2. Draw Isometric views/projections of combination of soilds
- 3. Draw Perspective views of Soilds

Course Outcome 5 (CO5):

1. Draw Orthographic views of solids from given three dimensional view

Course Outcome 6 (CO6):

- 1. Draw the given figure including dimensions using 2D software
- 2. Create 3D model using modelling software from the given orthographic views or 3D figure or from real 3D objects

	Model Question paper
QP CODE:	PAGES:3
Reg No:	EHRHINGLEIGIEAL
Name :	I NIVERNIEW
APJ ABDUL KA	ALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY FIRST SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION, MONTH & YEAR
	Course Code: EST 110
	ENGINEERING GRAPHICS
Max.Marks:10	0 Duration: 3 Hours
	PART A
	Answer all Questions. Each question carries 3 Marks
Instructions: R	etain necessary Construction lines
S	how necessary dimensions
Δ	Answer any ONE question from each module
E	ach question carries 20 marks

MODULE I

- 1. The end point A of a line is 20mm above HP and 10mm in front of VP. The other end of the line is 50mm above HP and 15mm behind VP. The distance between the end projectors is 70mm. Draw the projections of the line. Find the true length and true inclinations of the line with the principal planes. Also locate the traces of the line.
- 2. One end of a line is 20mm from both the principal planes of projection. The other end of the line is 50mm above HP and 40mm in front of VP. The true length of the line is 70mm. Draw the projections of the line. Find its apparent inclinations, elevation length and plan length. Also locate its traces.

MODULE II

3. A pentagonal pyramid of base side 25mm and height 40mm, is resting on the ground on one of its triangular faces. The base edge of that face is inclined 30° to VP. Draw the projections of the solid.

4. A hexagonal prism has side 25mm and height 50mm has a corner of its base on the ground and the long edge containing that corner inclined at 30° to HP and 45° to VP. Draw the projections of the solid.

MODULE III

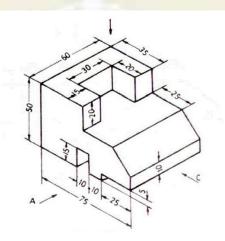
- 5. A triangular prism of base side 40mm and height 70mm is resting with its base on the ground and having an edge of the base perpendicular to VP. Section the solid such that the true shape of the section is a trapezium of parallel sides 30mm and 10mm. Draw the projections showing the true shape. Find the inclination of the cutting plane with the ground plane.
- 6. Draw the development of a pentagonal pyramid of base side 30mm and height 50mm. A string is wound from a corner of the base round the pyramid and back to the same point through the shortest distance. Show the position of the string in the elevation and plan.

MODULE IV

- 7. The frustum of a cone has base diameter 50mm and top diameter 40mm has a height of 60mm. It is paced centrally on top of a rectangular slab of size 80x60mm and of thickness 20mm. Draw the isometric view of the combination.
- 8. A hexagonal prism has base side 35mm and height 60mm. A sphere of diameter 40mm is placed centrally on top of it. Draw the isometric projection of the combination.

MODULE V

- 9. Draw the perspective view of a pentagonal prism, 20mm side and 45mm long lying on one of its rectangular faces on the ground and having its axis perpendicular to picture plane. One of its pentagonal faces touches the picture plane and the station point is 50mm in front of PP, 25mm above the ground plane and lies in a central plane, which is 70mm to the left of the center of the prism.
- 10. Draw three orthographic views with dimensions of the object shown in figure below.



(20X5=100)

Time: 3 hours EST110 ENGINEERING GRAPHICS Max. Marks: 100

SCHEME OF VALUATION

1. Locating the points and drawing the projections of the line – 4 marks

Finding true length by any one method – 6 marks

Finding true inclination with VP - 2 marks

Finding true inclination with HP - 2 marks

Locating horizontal trace – 2 marks

Locating vertical trace – 2 marks

Dimensioning and neatness – 2 marks

Total = 20 marks

2. Locating the points and drawing true length of the line – 4 marks

Finding projections by any method – 6 marks

Finding length of elevation and plan - 2 marks

Finding apparent inclinations – 2 marks

Locating horizontal trace – 2 marks

Locating vertical trace - 2 marks

Dimensioning and neatness – 2 marks

Total = 20 marks

3. Drawing initial position plan and elevation – 4 marks

First inclination views – 4 marks

Second inclination views -8 marks

Marking invisible edges - 2 marks

Dimensioning and neatness – 2 marks

Total = 20 marks

(Any one method or combination of methods for solving can be used.

If initial position is wrong then maximum 50% marks may be allotted for the answer)

4. Drawing initial position plan and elevation – 4 marks

First inclination views – 4 marks

Second inclination views -8 marks

Marking invisible edges – 2 marks

Dimensioning and neatness – 2 marks

Total = 20 marks

(Any one method or combination of methods for solving can be used

If initial position is wrong then maximum 50% marks may be allotted for the answer)

5. Drawing initial position plan and elevation – 4 marks

Locating section plane as per given condition – 5 marks

Drawing true shape -5 marks

Finding inclination of cutting plane – 2 marks

Dimensioning and neatness – 2 marks

Total = 20 marks

6. Drawing initial position plan and elevation – 4 marks

Development of the pyramid – 6 marks

Locating string in development -2 marks
Locating string in elevation – 3 marks
Locating string in plan – 3 marks
Dimensioning and neatness – 2 marks

Total = 20 marks

Drawing initial positions – 4 marks
 Isometric View of Slab -6 marks
 Isometric View of Frustum – 10 marks
 Dimensioning and neatness – 2 marks

Total = 20 marks

(Initial position is optional, hence redistribute if needed. Reduce 4 marks if Isometric scale is taken)

Drawing initial positions – 4 marks
 Isometric scale – 4 marks

Isometric projection of prism -5 marks Isometric projection of sphere – 5 marks Dimensioning and neatness – 2 marks

Total = 20 marks

(Initial position is optional, hence redistribute if needed.

Drawing the planes and locating the station point – 4 marks
 Locating elevation points – 2 marks
 Locating plan points – 2 marks
 Drawing the perspective view – 10 marks

Dimensioning and neatness – 2 marks

Total = 20 marks

10. Drawing the elevation – 8marks
Drawing the plan – 4 marks
Drawing the side view – 4 marks
Marking invisible edges – 2 marks
Dimensioning and neatness – 2 marks

Total = 20 marks

SYLLABUS

General Instructions:

- First angle projection to be followed
- > Section A practice problems to be performed on A4 size sheets
- Section B classes to be conducted on CAD lab

SECTION A

Module 1

Introduction: Relevance of technical drawing in engineering field. Types of lines, Dimensioning, BIS code of practice for technical drawing.

Orthographic projection of Points and Lines: Projection of points in different quadrants, Projection of straight lines inclined to one plane and inclined to both planes. Trace of line. Inclination of lines with reference planes True length of line inclined to both the reference planes.

Module 2

Orthographic projection of Solids: Projection of Simple solids such as Triangular, Rectangle, Square, Pentagonal and Hexagonal Prisms, Pyramids, Cone and Cylinder. Projection of solids in simple position including profile view. Projection of solids with axis inclined to one of the reference planes and with axis inclined to both reference planes.

Module 3

Sections of Solids: Sections of Prisms, Pyramids, Cone, Cylinder with axis in vertical position and cut by different section planes. True shape of the sections. Also locating the section plane when the true shape of the section is given.

Development of Surfaces: Development of surfaces of the above solids and solids cut by different section planes. Also finding the shortest distance between two points on the surface.

Module 4

Isometric Projection: Isometric View and Projections of Prisms, Pyramids, Cone, Cylinder, Frustum of Pyramid, Frustum of Cone, Sphere, Hemisphere and their combinations.

Module 5

Perspective Projection: Perspective projection of Prisms and Pyramids with axis perpendicular to the ground plane, axis perpendicular to picture plane.

Conversion of Pictorial Views: Conversion of pictorial views into orthographic views.

SECTION B

(To be conducted in CAD Lab)

Introduction to Computer Aided Drawing: Role of CAD in design and development of new products, Advantages of CAD. Creating two dimensional drawing with dimensions using suitable software. (Minimum 2 exercises mandatory)

Introduction to Solid Modelling: Creating 3D models of various components using suitable modelling software. (Minimum 2 exercises mandatory)

Text Books

- 1. Bhatt, N.D., Engineering Drawing, Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
- 2. John, K.C. Engineering Graphics, Prentice Hall India Publishers.

Reference Books

- 1. Anilkumar, K.N., Engineering Graphics, Adhyuth narayan Publishers
- 2. Agrawal, B. And Agrawal, C.M., Engineering Darwing, Tata McGraw Hill Publishers.
- 3. Benjamin, J., Engineering Graphics, Pentex Publishers- 3rd Edition, 2017
- 4. Duff, J.M. and Ross, W.A., Engineering Design and Visualisation, Cengage Learning.
- 5. Kulkarni, D.M., Rastogi, A.P. and Sarkar, A.K., Engineering Graphics with AutoCAD, PHI.
- 6. Luzaddff, W.J. and Duff, J.M., Fundamentals of Engineering Drawing, PHI.
- 7. Varghese, P.I., Engineering Graphics, VIP Publishers
- 8. Venugopal, K., Engineering Drawing and Graphics, New Age International Publishers.

Course Contents and Lecture Schedule

	Hours
MODULE I	
Introduction to graphics, types of lines, Dimensioning	1
Concept of principle planes of projection, different quadrants, locating points on different quadrants	2
Projection of lines, inclined to one plane. Lines inclined to both planes, trapezoid method of solving problems on lines.	2
Problems on lines using trapezoid method	2
Line rotation method of solving, problems on line rotation method	2
MODULE II	
Introduction of different solids, Simple position plan and elevation of solids	2
Problems on views of solids inclined to one plane	2
Problems on views of solids inclined to both planes	2
Practice problems on solids inclined to both planes	2
	Introduction to graphics, types of lines, Dimensioning Concept of principle planes of projection, different quadrants, locating points on different quadrants Projection of lines, inclined to one plane. Lines inclined to both planes, trapezoid method of solving problems on lines. Problems on lines using trapezoid method Line rotation method of solving, problems on line rotation method MODULE II Introduction of different solids, Simple position plan and elevation of solids Problems on views of solids inclined to one plane Problems on views of solids inclined to both planes

3	MODULE III	
3.1	Introduction to section planes. AIP and AVP. Principle of locating cutting points and finding true shape	2
3.2	Problems on sections of different solids	2
3.3	Problems when the true shape is given	2
3.4	Principle of development of solids, sectioned solids	2
4	MODULE IV	
4.1	Principle of Isometric View and Projection, Isometric Scale. Problems on simple solids	2
4.2	Isometric problems on Frustum of solids, Sphere and Hemisphere	2
4.3	Problems on combination of different solids	2
5	MODULE V	
5.1	Introduction to perspective projection, different planes, station point etc. Perspective problems on pyramids	2
5.2	Perspective problems on prisms	2
5.3	Practice on conversion of pictorial views into orthographic views	2
	SECTION B (To be conducted in CAD lab)	
1	Introduction to CAD and software. Familiarising features of 2D software. Practice on making 2D drawings	2
2	Practice session on 2D drafting	2
3	Introduction to so <mark>lid modelling</mark> and software	2
4	Practice session on 3D modelling	2

EST	BASICS OF CIVIL & MECHANICAL	CATEGORY	L	T	Р	CREDIT	YEAR OF
120	ENGINEERING						INTRODUCTION
		ESC	4	0	0	4	2019

Preamble:

Objective of this course is to provide an insight and inculcate the essentials of Civil Engineering discipline to the students of all branches of Engineering and to provide the students an illustration of the Significance of the Civil Engineering Profession in satisfying the societal needs.

To introduce the students to the basic principles of mechanical engineering

Prerequisite: NIL

Course Outcomes: After completion of the course, the student will be able to

CO 1	Recall the role of civil engineer in society and to relate the various disciplines of Civil Engineering.
CO 2	Explain different types of buildings, building components, building materials and building construction
CO 3	Describe the importance, objectives and principles of surveying.
CO 4	Summarise the basic infrastructure services MEP, HVAC, elevators, escalators and ramps
CO 5	Discuss the Materials, energy systems, water management and environment for green buildings.
CO 6	Analyse thermodynamic cycles and calculate its efficiency
CO 7	Illustrate the working and features of IC Engines
CO 8	Explain the basic principles of Refrigeration and Air Conditioning
CO 9	Describe the working of hydraulic machines
CO 10	Explain the working of power transmission elements
CO 11	Describe the basic manufacturing, metal joining and machining processes

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	РО	РО	РО
										10	11	12
CO1	3	-	-	-	-	3	2	2	=	-	-	-
CO2	3	2	-	1	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-
CO3	3	2	-	-	3	-	-	-	2	-	-	-

CO4	3	2	-	-	3	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
CO5	3	2	-	ı	3	2	3	-	2	-	1	-
CO6	3	2										
CO7	3	1										
CO8	3	1										
CO9	3	2	40	Ą.P.			3	A	14	24		
CO10	3	1			ČI (NI.	000	31				
CO11	3		7									

Assessment Pattern

	Ва	sic Civil Engine	ering	Basic Mech	anical Eng	gineering
Bloom's Category	Continuous Assessment		End Semester Examination	Continuous Assessment		End Semester Examination (marks)
	Test 1	Test 2	(marks)	Test 1	Test 2	
	marks	marks		marks	marks	
Remember	5	5	10	7.5	7.5	15
Understand	20	20	40	12.5	12.5	25
Apply				5	5	10
Analyse						
Evaluate			1			
Create						

Mark distribution

Total Marks	CIE (Marks)	ESE (Marks)	ESE Duration
150	50	100	3 hours

Continuous Internal Evaluation Pattern:

Attendance : 10 marks
Continuous Assessment Test (2 numbers) : 25 marks
Assignment/Quiz/Course project : 15 marks

End Semester Examination Pattern:

There will be two parts; Part I – Basic Civil Engineering and Part II – Basic Mechanical Engineering. Part I and PART II carries 50 marks each. For the end semester examination, part I contain 2 parts -

Part A and Part B. Part A contain 5 questions carrying 4 marks each (not exceeding 2 questions from each module). Part B contains 2 questions from each module out of which one to be answered. Each question carries 10 mark and can have maximum 2 sub-divisions. The pattern for end semester examination for part II is same as that of part I. However, student should answer both part I and part 2 in separate answer booklets.

Course Level Assessment Questions:

Course Outcome CO1: To recall the role of civil engineer in society and to relate the various disciplines of Civil Engineering.

1.Explain relevance of Civil engineering in the overall infrastructural development of the country. Course outcome 2 (CO2) (One question from each module and not more than two)

Explain different types of buildings, building components, building materials and building construction

1. Discuss the difference between plinth area and carpet area.

Course outcome 3 (CO3) (One question from each module and not more than two)

Describe the importance, objectives and principles of surveying.

1. Explain the importance of surveying in Civil Engineering

Course outcome 4 (CO4) (One question from each module and not more than two)

Summarise the basic infrastructure services MEP, HVAC, elevators, escalators and ramps

1. Explain the civil engineering aspects of elevators, escalators and ramps in buildings

Course outcome 5 (CO5) (One question from each module and not more than two)

Discuss the Materials, energy systems, water management and environment for green buildings.

1. Discuss the relevance of Green building in society

Section II Answer any 1 full question from each module. Each full question carries 10 marks

Course Outcome 1 (CO1) (Two full question from each module and each question can have maximum 2 sub-divisions)

To recall the role of civil engineer in society and to relate the various disciplines of Civil Engineering **CO Questions**

- 1. a List out the types of building as per occupancy. Explain any two, each in about five sentences.
 - **b.** Discuss the components of a building with a neat figure.
- **2. a.**What are the major disciplines of civil engineering and explain their role in the infrastructural framework.

b. Explain the role of NBC, KBR & CRZ norms in building rules and regulations prevailing in our country.

Course Outcome 2 (CO2) & Course Outcome 3 (CO3) (Two full question from each module and each question can have maximum 2 sub-divisions)

Explain different types of buildings, building components, building materials and building construction & Describe the importance, objectives and principles of surveying.

CO Questions

- 1. a. What are the different kinds of cement available and what is their use.
 - **b.** List the properties of good building bricks. Explain any five.
- 2. a. List and explain any five modern construction materials used for construction.
 - b. Explain the objectives and principles of surveying

Course outcome 4 (CO4) & Course outcome 5 (CO5) (Two full question from each module and each question can have maximum 2 sub-divisions)

Summarise the basic infrastructure services MEP, HVAC, elevators, escalators and ramps & Discuss the Materials, energy systems, water management and environment for green buildings.

CO Questions

- 1. a. Draw the elevation and plan of one brick thick wall with English bond
 - b. Explain the energy systems and water management in Green buildings
- a. Draw neat sketch of the following foundations: (i) Isolated stepped footing;
 (ii) Cantilever footing; and (iii) Continuous footing.
 - b. Discuss the civil engineering aspect of MEP and HVAC in a commercial building

Course Outcome 6 (CO6):

- 1. In an air standard Otto cycle the compression ratio is 7 and compression begins at 35°C, 0.1 MPa. The maximum temperature of the cycle is 1100°C. Find
- i) Heat supplied per kg of air,
- ii) Work done per kg of air,
- iii) Cycle efficiency
 - Take Cp = 1.005 kJ/kgK and Cv=0.718 kJ/kgK
- 2. A Carnot cycle works with adiabatic compression ratio of 5 and isothermal expansion ratio of 2. The volume of air at the beginning of isothermal expansion is 0.3 m³. If the maximum temperature and pressure is limited to 550K and 21 bar, determine the minimum temperature in the cycle and efficiency of the cycle.
- 3. In an ideal diesel cycle, the temperature at the beginning and end of compression is 65°C and 620°C respectively. The temperature at the beginning and end of the expansion is 1850°C and 850°C. Determine the ideal efficiency of the cycle.

4. Explain the concepts of CRDI and MPFI in IC Engines.

Course Outcome 7 (CO7)

- 1. With the help of a neat sketch explain the working of a 4 stroke SI engine
- 2. Compare the working of 2 stroke and 4 stroke IC engines
- 3. Explain the classification of IC Engines.

Course Outcome 8(CO8):

- 1. Explain the working of vapour compression refrigeration system.
- 2. With the help of suitable sketch explain the working of a split air conditioner.
- 3. Define: COP, specific humidity, relative humidity and dew point temperature.

Course Outcome 9 (CO9):

- 1. Explain the working of a single stage centrifugal pump with sketches.
- 2. With the help of a neat sketch, explain the working of a reciprocating pump.
- 3. A turbine is to operate under a head of 25 m at 200 rpm. The discharge is 9 m³/s. If the overall efficiency of the turbine is 90%. Determine the power developed by the turbine.

Course Outcome 10 (CO10):

- 1. Explain the working of belt drive and gear drive with the help of neat sketches
- 2. Explain a single plate clutch.
- 3. Sketch different types of gear trains and explain.

Course Outcome 11 (CO11):

- 1. Describe the operations which can be performed using drilling machine.
- 2. Explain the functions of runners and risers used in casting.
- 3. With a neat sketch, explain the working and parts of a lathe.

Model Question Paper

QP CODE: EST1 <mark>20</mark>		page:3
Reg No:	1019	
Name:		

APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY FIRST SEMESTER B.TECH DEGREE EXAMINATION, MONTH & YEAR

Course Code: EST 120

Course Name: BASICS OF CIVIL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

Max. Marks: 100 Duration: 3 hours

Answer both part I and part 2 in separate answer booklets

PART I: BASIC CIVIL ENGINEERING

PART A

(Answer all questions. Each question carries 4 marks)

1.	Explain relevance of Civil engineering in the overall infrastructural development country.	of the
2.	Discuss the difference between plinth area and carpet area.	
3.	Explain different types of steel with their properties.	
4.	What are the different kinds of cement available and what is their use?	
5.	Define bearing capacity of soil.	
	(5	x 4 = 20)
	Part B	
	Answer one full question from each module.	
	MODULE I	
6a.	List out the types of building as per occupancy. Explain any two, each in about five	/ E\
L	Sentences.	(5)
b.	Discuss the components of a building with a neat figure. OR	(5)
7a.	What are the major disciplines of civil engineering and explain their role in the	2
7 a.	infrastructural framework.	(5)
b.	Explain the role of NBC, KBR & CRZ norms in building rules and regulations prevailin	
	country.	(5)
	MODULE II	
		(=)
8a . b.	What are the different kinds of cement available and what is their use. List the properties of good building bricks. Explain any five.	(5) (5)
υ.	OR	(3)
9a.	List and explain any five modern construction materials used for construction.	(5)
<i>э</i> а. b.	Explain the objectives and principles of surveying	(5) (5)
D.	Explain the objectives and principles of surveying	(5)
	MODULE III	
10a.	Draw the elevation and plan of one brick thick wall with English bond	(5)
b.	Explain the energy systems and water management in Green buildings	(5)
	OR	
11a.	Draw neat sketch of the following foundations: (i) Isolated stepped footing;	
	(ii) Cantilever footing; and (iii) Continuous footing.	(5)
b.	Discuss the civil engineering aspect of MEP and HVAC in a commercial building	(5)

 $[10 \times 3 = 30]$

PART II: BASIC MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

PART A

Answer all questions. Each question carries 4 marks

1. 2. 3. 4. 5.	Sketch the P-v and T-s diagram of a Carnot cycle and List the processes. Illustrate the working of an epicyclic gear train. Explain cooling and dehumidification processes. Differentiate between soldering and brazing. Explain the principle of Additive manufacturing. 4 x 5	= 20 marks
	Part B	
	Answer one full question from each module.	
	MODULE I	
6.	In an air standard Otto cycle the compression ratio is 7 and compression begion.1MPa. The maximum temperature of the cycle is 1100°C. Find i) Heat supplied per kg of air, ii) Work done per kg of air, iii)Cycle efficiency	ns at 35°C,
	Take $C_p = 1.005 \text{ kJ/kgK}$ and $C_v = 0.718 \text{ kJ/kgK}$ OR	10 marks
7.	a) Explain the working of a 4 stroke SI engine with neat sketches. b) Explain the fuel system of a petrol engine.	7 marks 3 marks
	MODULE II	
8.	 a) Explain the working of a vapour compression system with help of a block diagram. b) Define: Specific humidity, relative humidity and dew point temperature. 	7 marks 3 marks
9.	OR With the help of a neat sketch, explain the working of a centrifugal pump.	10 marks
	MODULE III	
10.	Explain the two high, three high, four high and cluster rolling mills with neat sketches. OR	10 marks
11.	 a) Describe the arc welding process with a neat sketch. b) Differentiate between up-milling and down-milling operations. 	6 marks 4 marks

SYLLABUS

Module 1

General Introduction to Civil Engineering: Relevance of Civil Engineering in the overall infrastructural development of the country. Responsibility of an engineer in ensuring the safety of built environment. Brief introduction to major disciplines of Civil Engineering like Transportation Engineering, Structural Engineering, Geo-technical Engineering, Water Resources Engineering and Environmental Engineering.

Introduction to buildings: Types of buildings, selection of site for buildings, components of a residential building and their functions.

Building rules and regulations: Relevance of NBC, KBR & CRZ norms (brief discussion only).

Building area: Plinth area, built up area, floor area, carpet area and floor area ratio for a building as per KBR.

Module 2

Surveying: Importance, objectives and principles.

Construction materials, Conventional construction materials: types, properties and uses of building materials: bricks, stones, cement, sand and timber

Cement concrete: Constituent materials, properties and types.

Steel: Steel sections and steel reinforcements, types and uses.

Modern construction materials:- Architectural glass, ceramics, Plastics, composite materials, thermal and acoustic insulating materials, decorative panels, waterproofing materials. Modern uses of gypsum, pre-fabricated building components (brief discussion only).

Module 3

Building Construction: Foundations: Bearing capacity of soil (definition only), functions of foundations, types – shallow and deep (brief discussion only). Load bearing and framed structures (concept only).

Brick masonry: - Header and stretcher bond, English bond & Flemish bond random rubble masonry.

Roofs and floors: - Functions, types; flooring materials (brief discussion only).

Basic infrastructure services: MEP, HVAC, elevators, escalators and ramps (Civil Engineering aspects only), fire safety for buildings.

Green buildings:- Materials, energy systems, water management and environment for green buildings. (brief discussion only).

Module 4

Analysis of thermodynamic cycles: Carnot, Otto, Diesel cycles, Derivation of efficiency of these cycles, Problems to calculate heat added, heat rejected, net work and efficiency. IC Engines: CI, SI, 2-Stroke, 4-Stroke engines. Listing the parts of different types of IC Engines. Efficiencies of IC Engines(Definitions only), Air, Fuel, cooling and lubricating systems in SI and CI Engines, CRDI, MPFI. Concept of hybrid engines.

Module 5

Refrigeration: Unit of refrigeration, reversed Carnot cycle, COP, vapour compression cycle (only description and no problems); Definitions of dry, wet & dew point temperatures, specific humidity and relative humidity, Cooling and dehumidification, Layout of unit and central air conditioners.

Description about working with sketches of: Reciprocating pump, Centrifugal pump, Pelton turbine, Francis turbine and Kaplan turbine. Overall efficiency, Problems on calculation of input and output power of pumps and turbines (No velocity triangles)

Description about working with sketches of: Belt and Chain drives, Gear and Gear trains, Single plate clutches.

Module 6

Manufacturing Process: Basic description of the manufacturing processes – Sand Casting, Forging, Rolling, Extrusion and their applications.

Metal Joining Processes: List types of welding, Description with sketches of Arc Welding, Soldering and Brazing and their applications

Basic Machining operations: Turning, Drilling, Milling and Grinding.

Description about working with block diagram of: Lathe, Drilling machine, Milling machine, CNC Machine. Principle of CAD/CAM, Rapid and Additive manufacturing.

Text Books:

- 1. Rangwala, S. C., Essentials of Civil Engineering, Charotar Publishing House
- 2. Mckay, W.B. and Mckay, J. K., Building Construction, Volumes 1 to 4, Pearson India Education Services

References Books:

- 1. Chen W.F and Liew J Y R (Eds), The Civil Engineering Handbook. II Edition CRC Press (Taylor and Francis)
- 2. Chudley, R and Greeno R, Building construction handbook, Addison Wesley, Longman group, England
- 3. Chudley, R, Construction Technology, Vol. I to IV, Longman group, England Course Plan
- 4. Kandya A A, Elements of Civil Engineering, Charotar Publishing house
- 5. Mamlouk, M. S., and Zaniewski, J. P., Materials for Civil and Construction Engineering, Pearson Publishers
- 6. Rangwala S.C and Dalal K B Building Construction Charotar Publishing house
- 7. Clifford, M., Simmons, K. and Shipway, P., An Introduction to Mechanical Engineering Part I CRC Press
- 8. Roy and Choudhary, Elements of Mechanical Engineering, Media Promoters & Publishers Pvt. Ltd., Mumbai.
- 9. Sawhney, G. S., Fundamentals of Mechanical Engineering, PHI
- 10. G Shanmugam, M S Palanichamy, Basic Civil and Mechanical Engineering, McGraw Hill Education; First edition, 2018
- 11. Benjamin, J., Basic Mechanical Engineering, Pentex Books, 9th Edition, 2018
- 12. Balachandran, P.Basic Mechanical Engineering, Owl Books

Course Contents and Lecture Schedule:

No	Topic	Course outcomes addressed	No. of Lectures
1	Module I		Total: 7
1.1	General Introduction to Civil Engineering: Relevance of Civil Engineering in the overall infrastructural development of the country. Responsibility of an engineer in ensuring the safety of built environment.	CO1	1
1.2	Brief introduction to major disciplines of Civil Engineering like Transportation Engineering, Structural Engineering, Geo-technical Engineering, Water Resources Engineering and Environmental Engineering.	CO1	2
1.3	Introduction to buildings: Types of buildings, selection of site for buildings, components of a residential building and their functions.	CO2	2
1.4	Building rules and regulations: Relevance of NBC, KBR & CRZ norms (brief discussion only)	CO2	1
1.5	Building area: Plinth area, built up area, floor area, carpet area and floor area ratio for a building as per KBR.	CO2	1
2	Module 2		Total: 7
2.1	Surveying: Importance, objectives and principles.	CO3	1
2.2	Bricks: - Classification, properties of good bricks, and tests on bricks	CO2	1
2.3	Stones: - <i>Qualities</i> of good stones, types of stones and their uses. Cement: - Good qualities of cement, types of cement and their uses.	CO2	1
2.4	Sand: - Classification, qualities of good sand and sieve analysis (basics only). Timber: - Characteristics, properties and uses.	CO2	1
2.5	Cement concrete: - Constituent materials, properties and types, Steel: - Steel sections and steel reinforcements, types and uses.	CO2	1

2.6	Modern construction materials: - Architectural glass, ceramics, plastics, composite materials, thermal and acoustic insulating materials, decorative panels, waterproofing materials, modern uses of gypsum, pre-fabricated building components (brief discussion only)	CO2	2
3	Module 3		Total: 7
3.1	Foundations: - Bearing capacity of soil (definition only), functions of foundations, types – shallow and deep (brief discussion only). Brick masonry: - Header and stretcher bond, English bond & Flemish bond— elevation and plan (one & one and a half brick wall only). Random rubble masonry.	CO2	2
3.2	Roofs: Functions, types; roofing materials (brief discussion only) Floors: Functions, types; flooring materials (brief discussion only)	CO2	2
3.3	Basic infrastructure services: MEP, HVAC, Elevators, escalators and ramps (Civil Engineering aspects only) fire safety for buildings	CO4	2
3.4	Green buildings:- Materials, energy systems, water management and environment for green buildings. (brief discussion only)	CO5	1
4	MODULE 4		•
4.1	Analysis of thermodynamic cycles: Carnot, Otto, and Diesel cy Derivation of efficiency of these cycles, Problems to calculate h added, heat rejected, net work and efficiency		
4.2	IC Engines: CI, SI, 2-Stroke, 4-Stroke engines. Listing the parts different types of IC Engines, efficiencies of IC Engines(Description o		
4.3	Air, Fuel, cooling and lubricating systems in SI and CI Engines, CF MPFI. Concept of hybrid engines	RDI, 2	
5	MODULE 5	1	
5.1	Refrigeration: Unit of refrigeration, reversed Carnot cycle, COP, vap compression cycle (only description and no problems)	our 1	
5.2	Definitions of dry, wet & dew point temperatures, specific humidity relative humidity, Cooling and dehumidification, Layout of unit central air conditioners.		

5.3	Description about working with sketches: Reciprocating pump, Centrifugal pump, Pelton turbine, Francis turbine and Kaplan turbine. Overall efficiency, Problems on calculation of input and output power of pumps and turbines (No velocity triangles)	4
5.4	Description about working with sketches of: Belt and Chain drives, Gear and Gear trains, Single plate clutches	3
6	MODULE 6	V.
6.1	Manufacturing Process: Basic description of the manufacturing processes – Sand Casting, Forging, Rolling, Extrusion and their applications.	2
6.2	Metal Joining Processes :List types of welding, Description with sketches of Arc Welding, Soldering and Brazing, and their applications	1
6.3	Basic Machining operations: Turning, Drilling, Milling and Grinding Description about working with block diagrams of: Lathe, Drilling machine, Milling machine, CNC Machine	3
6.4	Principle of CAD/CAM, Rapid and Additive manufacturing	1

		CATEGORY	L	Т	Р	CREDIT	YEAR OF
HUN	LIFE SKILLS						INTRODUCTION
101		MNC	2	0	2		2019

Preamble: Life skills are those competencies that provide the means for an individual to be resourceful and positive while taking on life's vicissitudes. Development of one's personality by beingaware of the self, connecting with others, reflecting on the abstract and the concrete, leading and generating change, and staying rooted in time-tested values and principles is being aimed at. This course is designed to enhance the employability and maximize the potential of the students by introducing them to the principles that underly personal and professional success, and help them acquire the skills needed to apply these principles in their lives and careers.

Prerequisite: None

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to

CO 1	Define and Identify different life skills required in personal and professional life
CO 2	Develop an awareness of the self and apply well-defined techniques to cope with emotions
	and stress.
CO 3	Explain the basic mechanics of effective communication and demonstrate these through
	presentations.
CO 4	Take part in group discussions
CO 5	Use appropriate thinking and problem solving techniques to solve new problems
CO 6	Understand the basics of teamwork and leadership

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO	РО	РО
					117	S				10	11	12
CO 1						2		1	2	2	1	3
CO 2									3			2
CO 3					1	1			1	3		
CO 4					- 31	14	707			3		1
CO 5		3	2	1								
CO 6						1			3			

Mark distribution

Total Marks	CIE	ESE	ESE Duration		
100	50	50	2 hours		

Continuous Internal Evaluation

Total Marks: 50

Attendance : 10 marks
Regular assessment : 15 marks
Series test (one test only, should include first three modules) : 25 marks

Regular assessment

Group Discussion (Marks: 9)

Create groups of about 6 students each and engage them on a GD on a suitable topic for about 20 minutes. Parameters to be used for evaluation are as follows:

Communication Skills : 3 marks
Subject Clarity : 2 marks
Group Dynamics : 2 marks
Behaviours & Mannerisms : 2 marks

Presentation Skills (Marks: 6)

Identify a suitable topic and ask the students to prepare a presentation (preferably a power point presentation) for about 10 minutes. Parameters to be used for evaluation are as follows:

Communication Skills : 2 marks
 Platform Skills : 2 marks
 Subject Clarity/Knowledge : 2 marks

End Semester Examination

Total Marks: 50 Time: 2 hrs.

Part A: Short answer question (25 marks)

There will be one question from each MODULE (five questions in total, five marks each). Each question should be written in about maximum of 400 words. Parameters to be used for evaluation are as follows:

- (i) Content Clarity/Subject Knowledge
- (ii) Presentation style
- (iii) Organization of content

Part B: Case Study (25 marks)

The students will be given a case study with questions at the end. The students have to analyze the case and answer the question at the end. Parameters to be used for evaluation are as follows:

- (i) Analyze the case situation
- (ii) Key players/characters of the case
- (iii) Identification of the problem (both major & minor if exists)
- (iv) Bring out alternatives
- (v) Analyze each alternative against the problem
- (vi) Choose the best alternative
- (vii) Implement as solution
- (viii) Conclusion

(ix) Answer the question at the end of the case

Course Level Assessment Questions

Course Outcome 1 (CO1):

- 1. List 'life skills' as identified by WHO
- 2. What do you mean by effective communication?
- 3. What are the essential life skills required by a professional?

Course Outcome 2 (CO2)

- 1. Identify an effective means to deal with workplace stress.
- 2. How can a student apply journaling to stress management?
- 3. What is the PATH method? Describe a situation where this method can be used effectively.

Course Outcome 3(CO3):

- 1. Identify the communication network structure that can be observed in the given situations. Describe them.
 - (a) A group discussion on development.
 - (b) An address from the Principal regarding punctuality.
 - (c) A reporter interviewing a movie star.
 - (d) Discussing the answers of a test with a group of friends.
- 2. Elucidate the importance of non-verbal communication in making a presentation
- 3. Differentiate between kinesics, proxemics, and chronemics with examples.

Course Outcome 4 (CO4):

- 1. How can a participant conclude a group discussion effectively?
- 2. 'Listening skills are essential for effectively participating in a group discussion.' Do you agree? Substantiate your answer.

Course Outcome 5 (CO5):

- 1. Illustrate the creative thinking process with the help of a suitable example
- 2. Translate the following problem from verbal to graphic form and find the solution: In a quiz, Ananth has 50 points more than Bimal, Chinmay has 60 points less than Ananth, and Dharini is 20 points ahead of Chinmay. What is the difference in points between Bimal and Dharini?

3. List at least five ways in which the problem "How to increase profit?" can be redefined

Course Outcome 6 (CO6):

- 1. A group of engineers decided to brainstorm a design issue on a new product. Since no one wanted to disagree with the senior members, new ideas were not flowing freely. What group dynamics technique would you suggest to avoid this 'groupthink'? Explain the procedure.
- 2. "A group focuses on individual contribution, while a team must focus on synergy." Explain.
- 3. Identify the type of group formed / constituted in each of the given situations
 - a) A Police Inspector with subordinates reporting to him
 - b) An enquiry committee constituted to investigate a specific incident
 - c) The Accounts Department of a company
 - d) A group of book lovers who meet to talk about reading

Syllabus

Module 1

Overview of Life Skills: Meaning and significance of life skills, Life skills identified by WHO: Self-awareness, Empathy, Critical thinking, Creative thinking, Decision making, problem solving, Effective communication, interpersonal relationship, coping with stress, coping with emotion.

Life skills for professionals: positive thinking, right attitude, attention to detail, having the big picture, learning skills, research skills, perseverance, setting goals and achieving them, helping others, leadership, motivation, self-motivation, and motivating others, personality development, IQ,EQ, and SQ

Module 2

Self-awareness: definition, need for self-awareness; Coping With Stress and Emotions, Human Values, tools and techniques of SA: questionnaires, journaling, reflective questions, meditation, mindfulness, psychometric tests, feedback.

Stress Management: Stress, reasons and effects, identifying stress, stress diaries, the four A's of stress management, techniques, Approaches: action-oriented, emotion-oriented, acceptance-oriented, resilience, Gratitude Training,

Coping with emotions: Identifying and managing emotions, harmful ways of dealing with emotions, PATH method and relaxation techniques.

Morals, Values and Ethics: Integrity, Civic Virtue, Respect for Others, Living Peacefully. Caring, Sharing, Honesty, Courage, Valuing Time, Time management, Co operation, Commitment, Empathy, Self-Confidence, Character, Spirituality, Avoiding Procrastination, Sense of Engineering Ethics.

Module 3

21st century skills: Creativity, Critical Thinking, Collaboration, Problem Solving, Decision Making, Need for Creativity in the 21st century, Imagination, Intuition, Experience, Sources of Creativity, Lateral Thinking, Myths of creativity, Critical thinking Vs Creative thinking, Functions of Left Brain & Right brain, Convergent & Divergent Thinking, Critical reading & Multiple Intelligence.

Steps in problem solving: Problem Solving Techniques, Six Thinking Hats, Mind Mapping, Forced Connections. Analytical Thinking, Numeric, symbolic, and graphic reasoning. Scientific temperament and Logical thinking.

Module 4

Group and Team Dynamics: Introduction to Groups: Composition, formation, Cycle, thinking, Clarifying expectations, Problem Solving, Consensus, Dynamics techniques, Group vs Team, Team Dynamics, Virtual Teams. Managing team performance and managing conflicts, Intrapreneurship.

Module 5

Leadership: Leadership framework, entrepreneurial and moral leadership, vision, cultural dimensions. Growing as a leader, turnaround leadership, managing diverse stakeholders, crisis management. Types of Leadership, Traits, Styles, VUCA Leadership, Levels of Leadership, Transactional vs Transformational Leaders, Leadership Grid, Effective Leaders.

Lab Activities

Verbal

Effective communication and Presentation skills.

Different kinds of communication; Flow of communication; Communication networks, Types of barriers; Miscommunication

Introduction to presentations and group discussions.

Learning styles: visual, aural, verbal, kinaesthetic, logical, social, solitary; Previewing, KWL table, active listening, REAP method

Note-taking skills: outlining, non-linear note-taking methods, Cornell notes, three column note taking.

Memory techniques: mnemonics, association, flashcards, keywords, outlines, spider diagrams and mind maps, spaced repetition.

Time management: auditing, identifying time wasters, managing distractions, calendars and checklists; Prioritizing - Goal setting, SMART goals; Productivity tools and apps, Pomodoro technique.

Non Verbal:

Non-verbal Communication and Body Language: Forms of non-verbal communication; Interpreting body-language cues; Kinesics; Proxemics; Chronemics; Effective use of body language, Communication in a multi cultural environment.

Reference Books

- 1. Shiv Khera, You Can Win, Macmillan Books, New York, 2003.
- 2. Barun K. Mitra, "Personality Development & Soft Skills", Oxford Publishers, Third impression, 2017.
- 3. ICT Academy of Kerala, "Life Skills for Engineers", McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Ltd., 2016
- 4. Caruso, D. R. and Salovey P, "The Emotionally Intelligent Manager: How to Develop and Use the Four Key Emotional Skills of Leadership", John Wiley & Sons, 2004.
- 5. Kalyana, "Soft Skill for Managers"; First Edition; Wiley Publishing Ltd, 2015.
- 6. Larry James, "The First Book of Life Skills"; First Edition, Embassy Books, 2016.
- 7. Shalini Verma, "Development of Life Skills and Professional Practice"; First Edition; Sultan Chand (G/L) & Company, 2014.
- 8. Daniel Goleman, "Emotional Intelligence"; Bantam, 2006.
- 9. Remesh S., Vishnu R.G., "Life Skills for Engineers", Ridhima Publications, First Edition, 2016.
- 10. Butterfield Jeff, "Soft Skills for Everyone", Cengage Learning India Pvt Ltd; 1 edition, 2011.
- 11. Training in Interpersonal Skills: Tips for Managing People at Work, Pearson Education, India; 6 edition, 2015.
- 12. The Ace of Soft Skills: Attitude, Communication and Etiquette for Success, Pearson Education; 1 edition, 2013.



PHL	ENGINEERING	CATEGORY	L	T	Р	CREDIT	YEAR OF
120	PHYSICS LAB						INTRODUCTION
		BSC	0	0	2	1	2019

Preamble: The aim of this course is to make the students gain practical knowledge to co-relate with the theoretical studies and to develop practical applications of engineering materials and use the principle in the right way to implement the modern technology.

Prerequisite: Higher secondary level Physics

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to

CO 1	Develop analytical/experimental skills and impart prerequisite hands on experience for
	engineering laboratories
CO 2	Understand the need for precise measurement practices for data recording
CO 3	Understand the principle, concept, working and applications of relevant technologies and comparison of results with theoretical calculations
CO 4	Analyze the techniques and skills associated with modern scientific tools such as lasers and fiber optics
CO 5	Develop basic communication skills through working in groups in performing the laboratory experiments and by interpreting the results

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12
CO 1	3				3			1	2			1
CO 2	3				3			1	2			1
CO 3	3			- 1	3			1	2			1
CO 4	3				3			1	2			1
CO 5	3				3			1	2			1

Mark distribution

Total Marks	CIE	ESE	ESE
	Marks	Marks	Duration(Internal)
100	100	-	1 hour

Continuous Internal Evaluation Pattern:

Attendance : 20 marks
Class work/ Assessment / Viva-voce : 50 marks
End semester examination (Internally by college) : 30 marks

End Semester Examination Pattern: Written Objective Examination of one hour

SYLLABUS

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

(Minimum 8 experiments should be completed)

- 1. CRO-Measurement of frequency and amplitude of wave forms
- 2. Measurement of strain using strain gauge and wheatstone bridge
- 3. LCR Circuit Forced and damped harmonic oscillations
- 4. Melde's string apparatus- Measurement of frequency in the transverse and longitudinal mode
- 5. Wave length measurement of a monochromatic source of light using Newton's Rings method.
- 6. Determination of diameter of a thin wire or thickness of a thin strip of paper using air wedge method.
- 7. To measure the wavelength using a millimeter scale as a grating.
- 8. Measurement of wavelength of a source of light using grating.
- 9. Determination of dispersive power and resolving power of a plane transmission grating
- 10. Determination of the particle size of lycopodium powder
- 11. Determination of the wavelength of He-Ne laser or any standard laser using diffraction grating
- 12. Calculate the numerical aperture and study the losses that occur in optical fiber cable.
- 13.I-V characteristics of solar cell.
- 14.LED Characteristics.
- 15. Ultrasonic Diffractometer- Wavelength and velocity measurement of ultrasonic waves in a liquid
- 16. Deflection magnetometer-Moment of a magnet- Tan A position.

Reference books

- 1. S.L.Gupta and Dr.V.Kumar, "Practical physics with viva voice", Pragati PrakashanPublishers, Revised Edition, 2009
- 2. M.N.Avadhanulu, A.A.Dani and Pokely P.M, "Experiments in Engineering Physics", S.Chand&Co,2008
- 3. S. K. Gupta, "Engineering physics practicals", Krishna Prakashan Pvt. Ltd., 2014
- 4. P. R. Sasikumar "Practical Physics", PHI Ltd., 2011.

ESL 120	CIVIL & MECHANICAL WORKSHOP	CATEGORY	L	Т	P	CREDIT	YEAR OF INTRODUCTION
	worksho!		0	0	2	1	2019

Preamble: The course is designed to train the students to identify and manage the tools, materials and methods required to execute an engineering project. Students will be introduced to a team working environment where they develop the necessary skills for planning, preparing and executing an engineering project.

To enable the student to familiarize various tools, measuring devices, practices and different methods of manufacturing processes employed in industry for fabricating components.

Prerequisite: None

Course Outcomes: After the completion of the course the student will be able to:

Course Outcome	Course Outcome Description						
CO 1	Name different devices and tools used for civil engineering measurements						
CO 2	Explain the use of various tools and devices for various field measurements						
CO 3	Demonstrate the steps involved in basic civil engineering activities like plot measurement, setting out operation, evaluating the natural profile of land, plumbing and undertaking simple construction work.						
CO 4	Choose materials and methods required for basic civil engineering activities like field measurements, masonry work and plumbing.						
CO 5	Compare different techniques and devices used in civil engineering measurements						
CO 6	Identify Basic Mechanical workshop operations in accordance with the material and objects						
CO 7	Apply appropriate Tools and Instruments with respect to the mechanical workshop trades						
CO 8	Apply appropriate safety measures with respect to the mechanical workshop trades						

Mapping of course outcomes with program outcomes:

	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12
CO 1	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	2	2	-	-
CO 2	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	2	2	-	-
CO 3	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	2	2	2	1	-
CO 4	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	2	2	2	1	1
CO 5	1	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	2	2		1
CO 6	2											

CO 7	2						
CO 8	2						

Mark distribution

Total Marks	CIE	ESE	ESE Duration
100	70	30	1 hour

Assessment Procedure: Total marks allotted for the course is 100 marks. CIE shall be conducted for 70 marks and ESE for 30 marks. CIE should be done for the work done by the student and also viva voce based on the work done on each practical session. ESE shall be evaluated by written examination of one hour duration conducted internally by the institute.

Continuous Internal Evaluation Pattern:

Attendance : 20 marks
Class work/ Assessment / Viva-voce : 50 marks
End semester examination (Internally by college) : 30 marks

End Semester Examination Pattern: Written Objective Examination of one hour

SYLLABUS

PART 1

CIVIL WORKSHOP

- Exercise 1. Calculate the area of a built-up space and a small parcel of land- Use standard measuring tape and digital distance measuring devices
- Exercise 2. (a) Use screw gauge and vernier calliper to measure the diameter of a steel rod and thickness of a flat bar
 - (b) Transfer the level from one point to another using a water level
 - (c) Set out a one room building with a given plan and measuring tape
- Exercise 3. Find the level difference between any two points using dumpy level
- Exercise 4. (a) Construct a 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ thick brick wall of 50 cm height and 60 cm length using English bond. Use spirit level to assess the tilt of walls.
 - (b) Estimate the number of different types of building blocks to construct this wall.

- Exercise 5. (a) Introduce the students to plumbing tools, different types of pipes, type of connections, traps, valves ,fixtures and sanitary fittings.
 - (b) Install a small rainwater harvesting installation in the campus

Reference Books:

- 1. Khanna P.N, "Indian Practical Civil Engineering Handbook", Engineers Publishers.
- 2. Bhavikatti. S, "Surveying and Levelling (Volume 1)", I.K. International Publishing House
- 3. Arora S.P and Bindra S.P, "Building Construction", Dhanpat Rai Publications
- 4. S. C. Rangwala, "Engineering Materials," Charotar Publishing House.

PART II

MECHANICAL WORKSHOP

LIST OF EXERCISES

(Minimum EIGHT units mandatory and FIVE models from Units 2 to 8 mandatory)

UNIT 1:- General: Introduction to workshop practice, Safety precautions, Shop floor ethics, Basic First Aid knowledge.

Study of mechanical tools, components and their applications: (a) Tools: screw drivers, spanners, Allen keys, cutting pliers etc and accessories (b) bearings, seals, O-rings, circlips, keys etc.

UNIT 2:- Carpentry: Understanding of carpentry tools

Minimum any one model

1. T – Lap joint 2. Cross lap joint 3. Dovetail joint 4. Mortise joints

UNIT 3:- Foundry: Understanding of foundry tools

Minimum any one model

1. Bench Molding 2. Floor Molding 3. Core making 4. Pattern making

UNIT 4: - Sheet Metal: Understanding of sheet metal working tools

Minimum any one model

- 1. Cylindrical shape
- 2. Conical shape
- 3. Prismatic shaped job from sheet metal

UNIT 5: - Fitting: Understanding of tools used for fitting

Minimum any one model

- 1. Square Joint
- 2. V- Joint
- 3. Male and female fitting

UNIT 6: - Plumbing: Understanding of plumbing tools, pipe joints

Any one exercise on joining of pipes making use of minimum three types of pipe joints

UNIT 7: - Smithy: Understanding of tools used for smithy.

Demonstrating the forge-ability of different materials (MS, AI, alloy steel and cast steels) in cold and hot states.

Observing the qualitative difference in the hardness of these materials

Minimum any one exercise on smithy

- 1. Square prism
- 2. Hexagonal headed bolt
- 3. Hexagonal prism
- 4. Octagonal prism

UNIT 8: -Welding: Understanding of welding equipments

Minimum any one welding practice

Making Joints using electric arc welding. bead formation in horizontal, vertical and over head positions

UNIT 9: - Assembly: Demonstration only

Dissembling and assembling of

- 1. Cylinder and piston assembly
- 2. Tail stock assembly
- 3. Bicycle
- 4. Pump or any other machine

UNIT 10: - Machines: Demonstration and applications of the following machines

Shaping and slotting machine; Milling machine; Grinding Machine; Lathe; Drilling Machine.

UNIT 11: - Modern manufacturing methods: Power tools, CNC machine tools, 3D printing, Glass cutting.

Course Contents and Lecture Schedule:

No	Торіс	No of Sessions
1	INTRODUCTION	
1.1	Workshop practice, shop floor precautions, ethics and First Aid knowledge. Studies of mechanical tools, components and their applications: (a) Tools: screw drivers, spanners, Allen keys, cutting pliers etc and accessories (b) bearings, seals, O-rings, circlips, keys etc	1
2	CARPENTRY	
2.1	Understanding of carpentry tools and making minimum one model	2

3	FOUNDRY							
3.1	Understanding of foundry tools and making minimum one model	2						
4	SHEET METAL							
4.1	Understanding of sheet metal working tools and making minimum one model	2						
5	FITTING	M.						
5.1	Understanding of fitting tools and making minimum one model 2							
6	PLUMBING	177						
6.1	Understanding of pipe joints and plumbing tools and making minimum one model	2						
7	SMITHY							
7.1	Understanding of smithy tools and making minimum one model	2						
8	WELDING							
8.1	Understanding of welding equipments and making minimum one model	2						
9	ASSEMBLY							
9.1	Demonstration of assembly and dissembling of multiple parts components	1						
10	MACHINES	17						
10.1	Demonstration of various machines	1						
11	MODERN MANUFACTURING METHODS							
11.1	Demonstrations of: power tools, CNC Machine tools, 3D printing, Glass cutting 1							